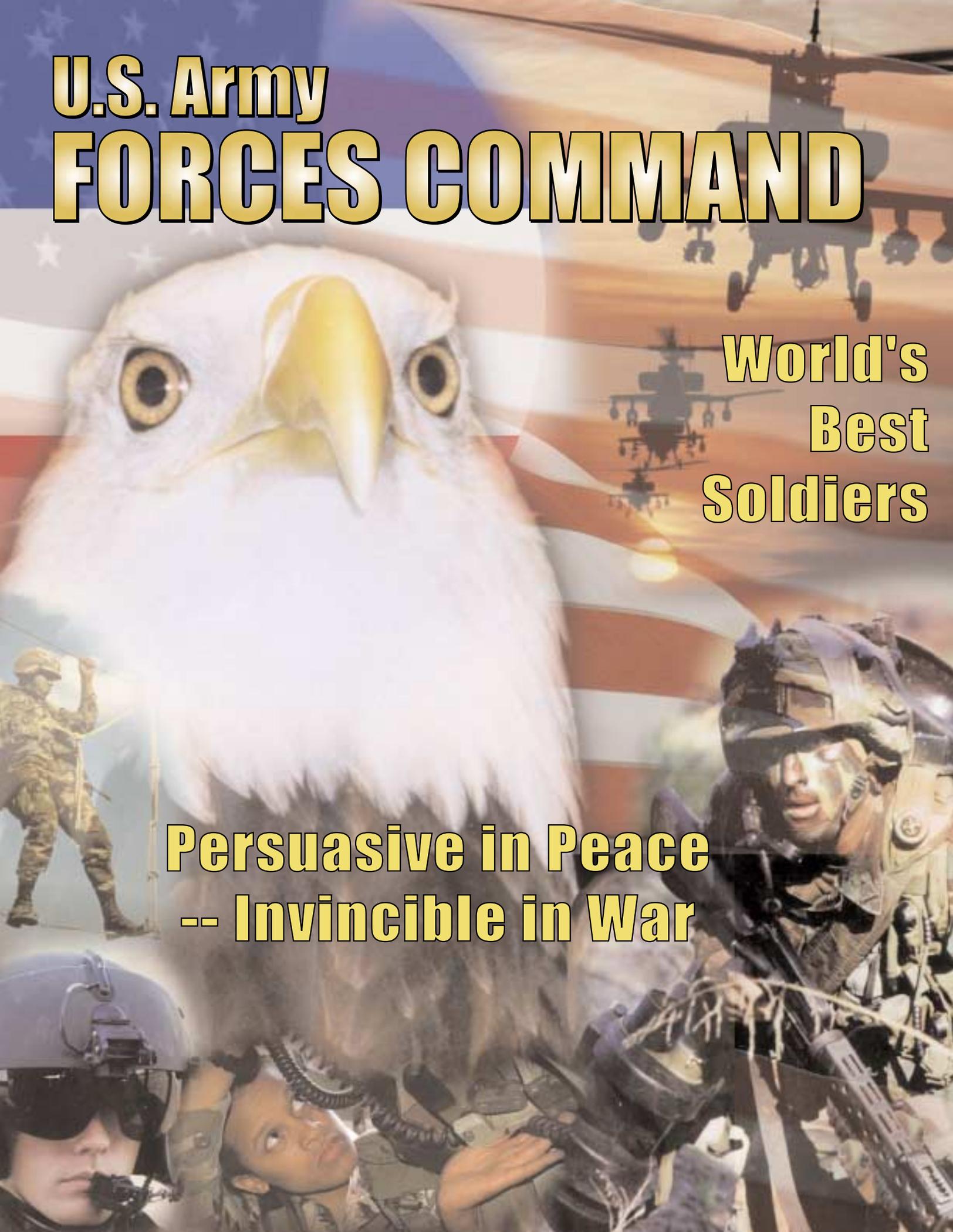


U.S. Army FORCES COMMAND

World's
Best
Soldiers

Persuasive in Peace
-- Invincible in War



U.S. ARMY FORCES COMMAND



COMMANDER'S PHILOSOPHY

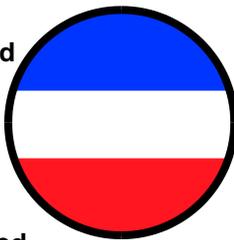
United States Army Forces Command -- world's best ground force -- trained and ready to accomplish assigned missions across the full spectrum of operations. An organization based on Army values, which focuses on warfighting competence at all levels; operates as a seamless team across all services, components, and units; cares for and develops people; and whose soldiers are winners -- proud, fit, competent, disciplined, motivated, and deployable.

MISSION

United States Army Forces Command (FORSCOM) is the Army Component of the United States Joint Forces Command and a major Army command. We train, mobilize, and deploy ready ground forces of America's Army to meet operational requirements of our nation. We are stewards of Army resources, caring for soldiers, civilians, retirees and families, and for the high-quality installations from which we project and support the force.



The FORSCOM shoulder sleeve insignia is worn by soldiers assigned to FORSCOM headquarters located at Fort McPherson, Georgia, and by FORSCOM soldiers not assigned to major subordinate units which have their own insignia. The insignia's colors -- blue, white and red -- are derived from the distinctive brassard worn by staff officers with the American Expeditionary Forces in Europe during World War I.



The FORSCOM distinctive unit crest is worn by soldiers assigned to the command headquarters. Its heraldic symbols include the blue, white and red FORSCOM insignia; an eagle, symbolic of freedom and our nation; the command motto, "Freedom's Guardian," and three swords representing the Active Component, the Army National Guard and the U.S. Army Reserve.



ON POINT FOR THE NATION

OVERVIEW

U.S. Army Forces Command is the Army Component of U.S. Joint Forces Command and the Army's largest major command. Headquartered at Fort McPherson, Georgia, FORSCOM commands Active Component and U.S. Army Reserve forces in the Continental U.S. (CONUS) and Puerto Rico. Following mobilization, FORSCOM assumes command and control of Army National Guard and U.S. Army Reserve units preparing for deployment.

As the Army Component of Joint Forces Command, FORSCOM provides military support to civil authorities, domestic counterdrug support, and commands Joint Task Force Six. It provides domestic disaster and emergency response assistance and supports Joint Forces Command's joint integration and joint experimentation missions.

As an Army major command, FORSCOM trains, mobilizes, and deploys ready land forces in support of operations worldwide. It establishes training requirements, provides training support and oversight, and evaluates the training of Active Component, Army National Guard and U.S. Army Reserve units. Forces Command manages 24 quality installations on which it trains, supports, houses, and from which it projects its force.

Forces Command develops and cares for people. Its soldiers and units are proud, fit, and competent -- they are at the heart of the world's best ground force. Persuasive in peace, invincible in war, FORSCOM soldiers are on point for the nation.

Active Component

Forces Command has an Active Component end strength of approximately 197,000 soldiers and 19,000 Department of the Army civilians. It consists of 10 Active Component major subordinate commands, including three U.S. Armies and three Corps.

First U.S. Army at Fort Gillem, Georgia, and Fifth U.S. Army at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, are Forces Command's two Continental U.S. Armies. They are responsible for the training support, oversight, post-mobilization training, and deployment of Reserve Component units in CONUS, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Third U.S. Army, located at Fort McPherson, Georgia, is also the Army Component of U.S. Central Command, the joint command responsible for Southwest Asia and the Horn of Africa.

I Corps at Fort Lewis, Washington, III Corps at Fort Hood, Texas, and XVIII Airborne Corps at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, are FORSCOM's three Corps. They include six Active Component divisions, two Active Component/Army National Guard Integrated Divisions, two armored cavalry regiments, five divisional brigades, and a range of combat support and combat service support units.

U.S. Army Signal Command at Fort Huachuca, Arizona, provides all echelons-above-corps tactical, power projection, and strategic signal support, while the 32nd

Army Air and Missile Defense Command at Fort Bliss, Texas, provides critical theater air and missile defense planning, integration, coordination, and execution functions. The National Training Center at Fort Irwin, California, which includes one armored cavalry regiment, and the Joint Readiness Training Center at Fort Polk, Louisiana, enable Active and Reserve Component soldiers to train for the tough, demanding conditions of combat.

U.S. Army Reserve

The U.S. Army Reserve Command, with approximately 186,000 U.S. Army Reserve soldiers and 10,000 Department of the Army civilians, is FORSCOM's only reserve component major subordinate command. It commands all U.S. Army Reserve conventional forces in the Continental U.S. and Puerto Rico, including 13 theater level warfighting support headquarters, 11 Regional Support Commands, five Training Support Divisions, and seven Individual Training Divisions. U.S. Army Reserve units are part of the federal force. Their primary focus in the warfight is combat support and combat service support specialties such as medical, civil affairs, transportation, and chemical warfare.

Prior to mobilization, FORSCOM exercises training readiness oversight of U.S. Army Reserve forces. Upon mobilization, FORSCOM assumes command and control of mobilized U.S. Army Reserve units.

Army National Guard

Army National Guard forces in the Continental U.S., Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, when not federalized, are under the command and control of The Adjutant General of their respective states, territories, and the District of Columbia. FORSCOM provides them training support and oversight. These forces include eight combat divisions, 14 of 15 enhanced separate brigades, two of three strategic reserve brigades, Weapons of Mass Destruction - Civil Support Teams, and extensive combat support and combat service support units. Upon mobilization, FORSCOM assumes command and control of mobilized units through deployment.



**U.S. Army
Forces
Command
is soldiers
in action.**

U.S. ARMY FORCES COMMAND

Active Component



Third U.S. Army

Third U.S. Army, Fort McPherson, Georgia, is responsible for ground operations in Southwest Asia, the Persian Gulf and the Horn of Africa.



Corps

We have operational and administrative control of III Corps and XVIII Airborne Corps. I Corps comes under the operational control of Pacific Command, but FORSCOM is responsible for its readiness and day-to-day activities.



I Corps
Fort Lewis,
Washington



III Corps
Fort Hood,
Texas



XVIII Airborne
Corps
Fort Bragg,
North Carolina

Continental U.S. Armies

Two Continental U.S. Armies (CONUSA) are responsible for support and evaluation of training as well as the mobilization and deployment of Army National Guard and U.S. Army Reserve forces. They also execute a full range of Forces Command missions within their geographic areas of responsibility. The two Continental U.S. Armies are First U.S. Army at Fort Gillem, Georgia, and Fifth U.S. Army at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

Fifth U.S. Army
Fort Sam Houston,
Texas



First U.S. Army
Fort Gillem,
Georgia



ON POINT FOR THE NATION

Divisions and Regiments



1st Cavalry Division
Fort Hood, Texas



3d Infantry Division (Mechanized)
Fort Stewart, Georgia



11th Armored Cavalry Regiment
Fort Irwin, California



2d Armored Cavalry Regiment (Light)
Fort Polk, Louisiana



4th Infantry Division (Mechanized)
Fort Hood, Texas



82d Airborne Division
Fort Bragg, North Carolina



3d Armored Cavalry Regiment
Fort Carson, Colorado



10th Mountain Division (Light Infantry)
Fort Drum, New York



101st Airborne Division (Air Assault)
Fort Campbell, Kentucky



Active Component/Army National Guard Integrated Divisions



7th Infantry Division
Fort Carson, Colorado



24th Infantry Division
Fort Riley, Kansas

AC/ARNG Integrated Divisions consist of an Active Component Division Headquarters (minus) and three Army National Guard enhanced Separate Brigades. The intent of this relationship is to improve the training readiness and deployability of the enhanced Separate Brigades and to reduce time required for post-mobilization training.

Other Major Subordinate Commands



32d Army Air and Missile Defense Command, headquartered at Fort Bliss, Texas, is the Army Forces and Joint Forces Land Component Commanders' organization that performs critical theater air and missile functions. It commands echelons-above-corps air defense brigades and other assigned forces.



U.S. Army Signal Command, headquartered at Fort Huachuca, Arizona, provides all echelons-above-corps tactical, power projection and strategic signal support to warfighting unified commanders worldwide in both war and peace.

Combat Training Centers



National Training Center (NTC)
Fort Irwin, California

Combat Training Centers enable FORSCOM soldiers to train for the tough, demanding conditions of combat.



Joint Readiness Training Center (JRTC)
Fort Polk, Louisiana

At the NTC, armored and mechanized task forces train for mounted combat in desert terrain against a world-class opposing force.

At the JRTC, light infantry units prepare for combat in low- to mid-intensity conflicts.

Joint Task Force Six



Joint Task Force Six
Fort Bliss, Texas

Joint Task Force Six, located at Fort Bliss, Texas, and assigned to U.S. Joint Forces Command, is under the operational control of FORSCOM. It integrates Department of Defense support to domestic law enforcement agencies' counterdrug efforts in CONUS.

U.S. ARMY FORCES COMMAND

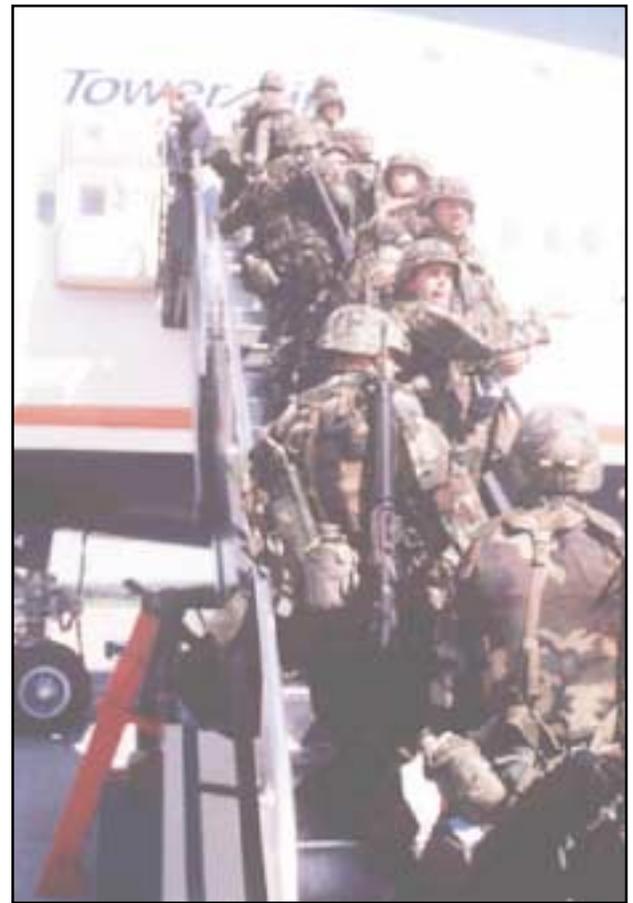
U.S. ARMY RESERVE



**United States
Army Reserve
Command,
Fort McPherson, Georgia**



Commands all U.S. Army Reserve units in the continental United States and Puerto Rico except those assigned to Special Operations Command.



ON POINT FOR THE NATION

USARC and Its Major Subordinate Commands



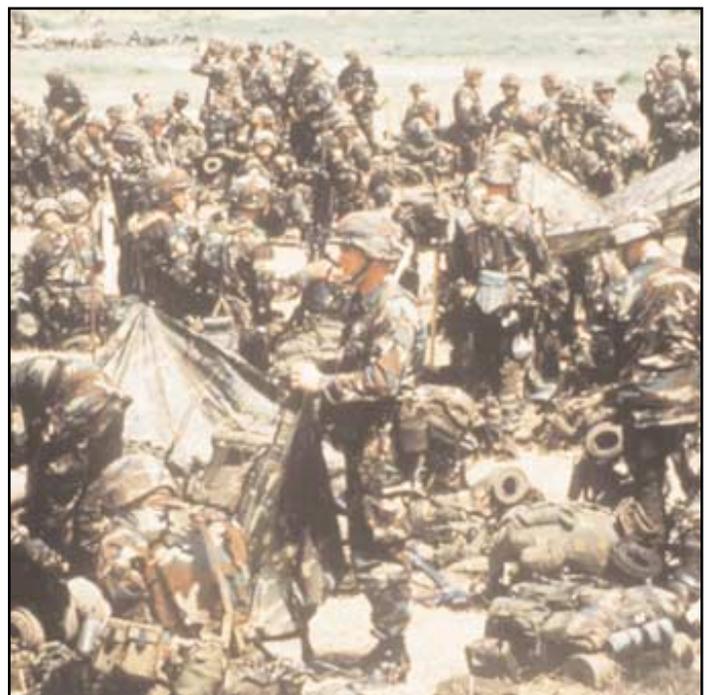
Regional Support Commands (RSC) provide base operations support to all Army Reserve units within their geographic areas, as well as command and control of units not assigned to functional commands. Individual Training Divisions provide individual specialty and professional development training to soldiers from all components of the Army. Training Support Divisions provide collective unit training to units of the Army Reserve and the Army National Guard.

U.S. Army Reserve Theater Level Warfighting Support Headquarters

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
|  | 3d Corps Support Command
19th Theater Army Area Command
Des Moines, Iowa |  | 3d Medical Command
Fort Gillem, Georgia |
|  | 21st Theater Army Area Command
Indianapolis, Indiana |  | 143d Transportation Command
Orlando, Florida |
|  | 244th Aviation Brigade
Chicago, Illinois |  | 310th Theater Army Area Command
Fort Belvoir, Virginia |
|  | 311th Corps Support Command
Los Angeles, California |  | 311th Theater Signal Command
Fort Meade, Maryland |
|  | 335th Theater Signal Command
Atlanta, Georgia |  | 377th Theater Army Area Command
New Orleans, Louisiana |
|  | 412th Engineer Command
Vicksburg, Mississippi |  | 416th Engineer Command
Chicago, Illinois |

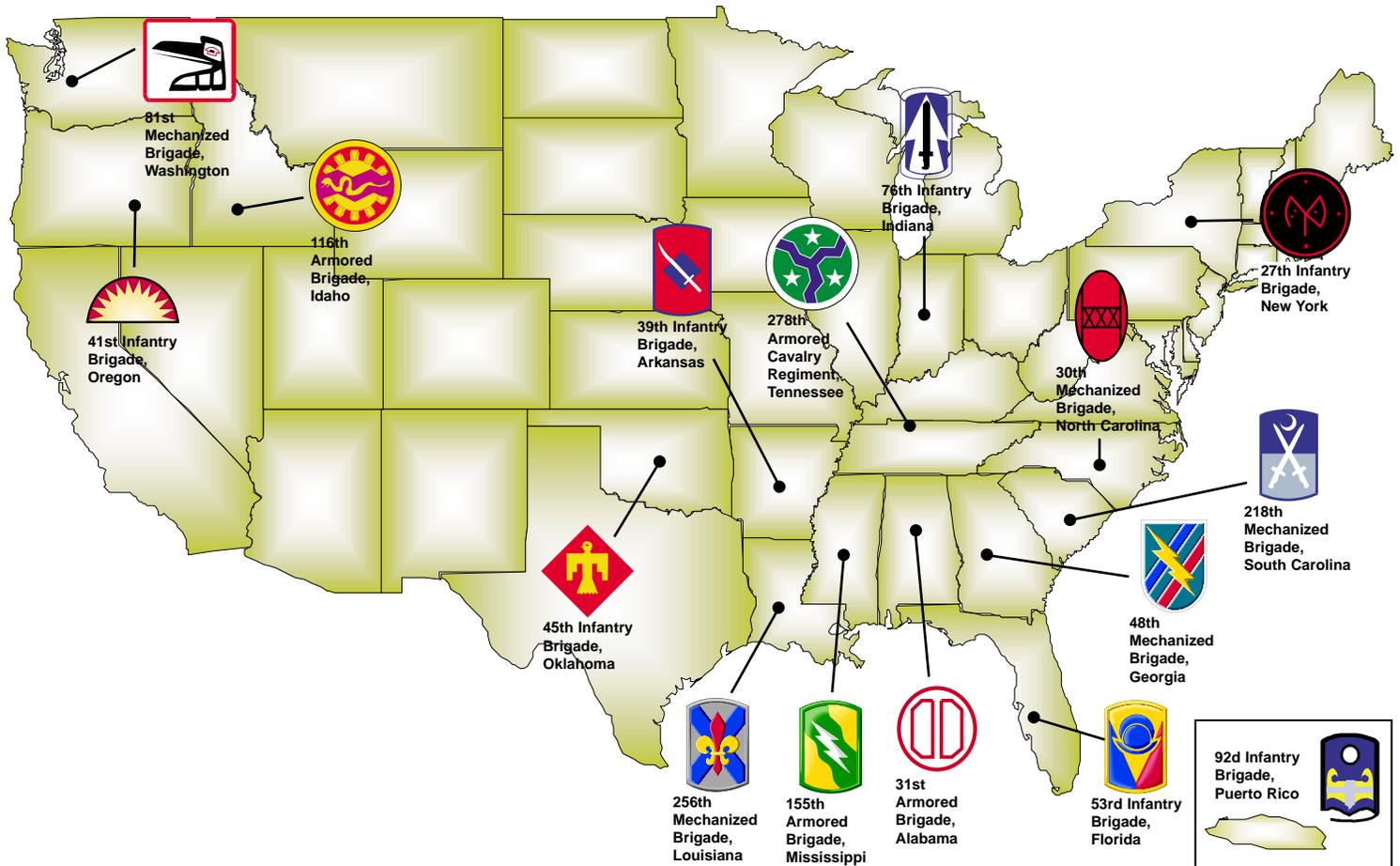
U.S. ARMY FORCES COMMAND

ARMY NATIONAL GUARD



ON POINT FOR THE NATION

Enhanced Separate and Theater Strategic Reserve Brigades



The Army National Guard, when federalized, can provide FORSCOM with eight combat divisions, 14 of 15 enhanced separate brigades, and two of three theater strategic reserve brigades, as well as a full complement of combat support and combat service support units. These units make up about 25% of the Force Support Packages. Army National Guard units, until federalized, are under the command and control of The Adjutant General of their respective states, territories, and the District of Columbia.

Divisions



28th Infantry Division
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania



35th Infantry Division (Mechanized)
Fort Leavenworth, Kansas



42nd Infantry Division
New York, New York



29th Infantry Division (Light)
Fort Belvoir, Virginia



38th Infantry Division
Indianapolis, Indiana



49th Armored Division
Austin, Texas



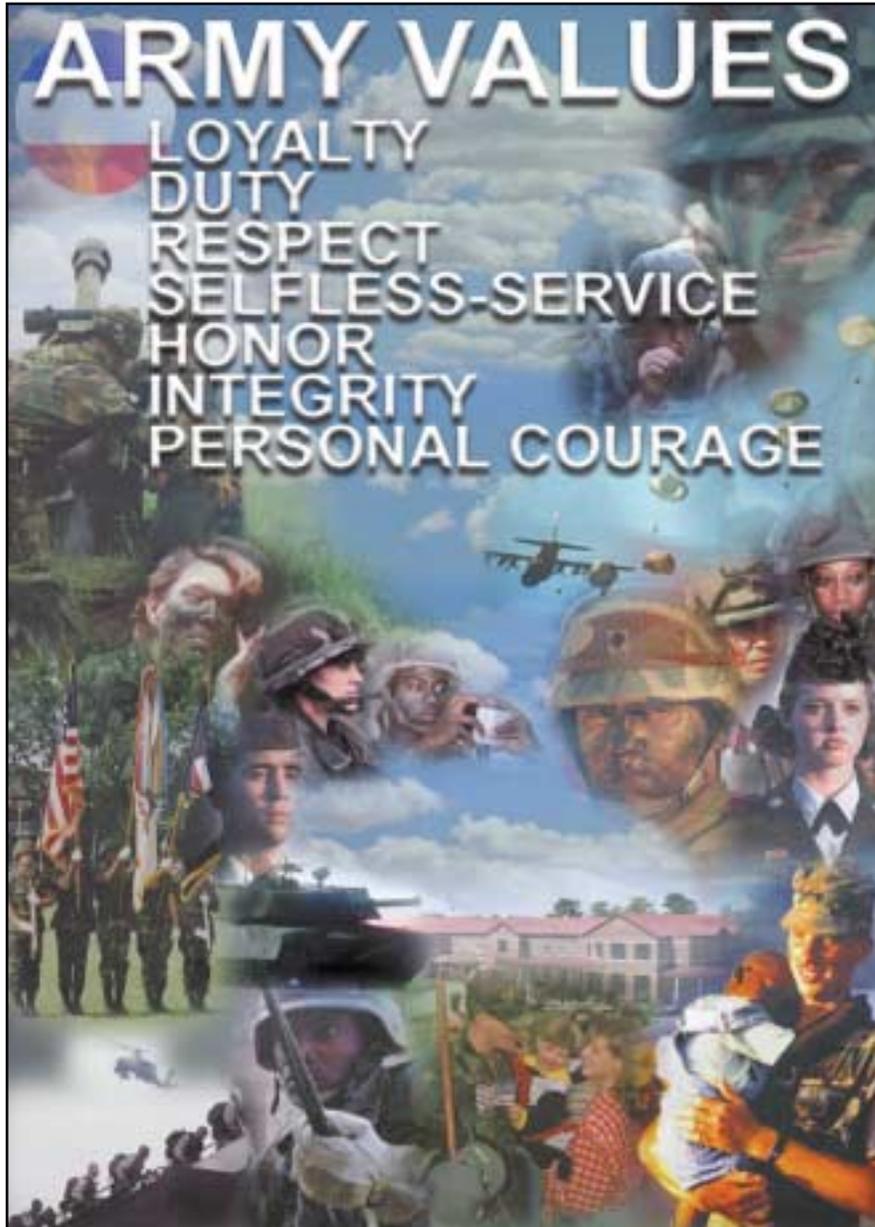
34th Infantry Division
Saint Paul, Minnesota



40th Infantry Division (Mechanized)
Los Alamitos, California

U.S. ARMY FORCES COMMAND

World's best



Our soldiers are disciplined, motivated, and fit to successfully complete any mission.



To prepare for wartime missions, FORSCOM units conduct intensive, realistic training.



At the same time, we provide peaceful overseas assistance in such places as Bosnia, Kosovo, Central and South America, and the Middle East.



Each soldier is keenly focused on readiness.

ON POINT FOR THE NATION

ground forces



FORSCOM soldiers participate in joint exercises such as Roving Sands where they prepare to successfully project military power.



We are America's good neighbor -- working to improve communities.



We train our units to be mission ready, to go anywhere, anytime and to operate as a joint or combined force with other U.S. services and other nations' forces.



FORSCOM gives important aid to civil authorities at home and abroad when natural disasters strike.



Persuasive in Peace -- Invincible in War

www.forscom.army.mil



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